## THE BASICS: Loneliness Pt I

Types	of loneliness - emotional and social.
	Emotional Loneliness:
	Social Loneliness:
	ness is a <i>perceived</i> condition, based on what we <i>expect</i> from relationships versus what e able to secure
	As meaning-making animals, our brains might be overcompensating for the past with desires for the present and future.
	We often create vicious cycles of perceiving ourselves unworthy of relationships, which become self prophecies.
	are connections between childhood trauma and developing loneliness. <i>Each incident</i> es a% increase in likelihood of loneliness.
Degre	e of loneliness is relatively stable from childhood to adulthood.
	But loneliness usually develops first, while loneliness comes later.
	are differences between the genders or sexes (I'm still not sure to which they were ng) in experiences of loneliness.
	Women having a more prominent or prevalent experience, especially ofloneliness.
There	are also differences in the mental destruction caused by each variety.
	loneliness is more damning thanloneliness, but experiencing BOTH has the harshest effects.

In fact, loneliness, itself, is shown to mediate the relationship between childhood trauma and later psychopathology. NOT the trauma.

## **CURVEBALL TIME - Loneliness Pt II**

Loneliness is sho	wn to promote post-traun	umatic growth.	
Secondary	y to, loneline	ness is the top mediator of post-traumatic growth	
Indicating	that "suffering" is the ma	ain motivator for trauma recovery.	
Women in one stu	udy were shown to exper	erience more post-traumatic growth than men.	
		ore lonely, indicating that loneliness may promote positive change in women.	and
Loneliness is diffe social connection		is perceptual, the other is a definitive measure o	f
Isolation:			
Lonelines	<b>3</b> :		
Can we use "isola	ation" for recovery and "lo	floneliness" to motivate the process?	
Isolation: t	the necessary short-term	m condition.	
Lonelines	s: the reason to keep tryi	ying.	
Being alone does	n't always go hand in hai	and with being lonely.	
Isolation g		or doing inner work and getting better acquainted	with
Externally socialize	zing won't make up for	loneliness.	
	ternal parts by understan he loneliness.	anding what gave them the initial sense of loneline	ess
Screaming	g parts and w	wounds? You'll still feel alone in a room full of pe	ople

## **REFLECTION QUESTIONS**

How much time do you spend with people? Near 80%, "as average"?

Why/why not? What's that time like? What's the purpose? What's the utility of being alone, for the remaining percent?

Do you gain anything from non-objectifiable (author to reader) or parasocial (character to viewer) relationships?

Have you ever? What variety of loneliness do they serve?

Have you created FUCBs around loneliness or relationship voids?

Has a failed relationship ever felt like the end of the world? Have you ever asked "what's the point?" Felt unable to secure any fulfilling relationship? Have you ever believed a relationship would *fix* something (you, a situation, a wound)?

Do you have enhanced physical health issues during times of loneliness?

Enhanced mental health issues?

If you counted up your ACEs, what % loneliness does it predict? (ACEs x 28%)

Have you experienced emotional or social loneliness?

Both? One more than the other? Tied to any particular time periods in life?

(Who knows) but do you see a tie between sex/gender and sense of loneliness?

Why do you think that does/doesn't exist? (still not sure about that data)

Have you ever been in a "loneliness cycle of self-defeat"?

What sparked the cycle, and what about it was self-sustaining? (avoidance of pain?)

Has your sense of loneliness been relatively stable over a lifetime?

Do you feel that loneliness contributed to development of psychopathologies such as anxiety, depression, and phobia?

## Ep 2:

Do you see loneliness across your Complexly Traumatized timeline? During the trauma, pre-diagnosis, post-diagnosis, and during recovery?

Which portions are/were the most difficult? What challenges have you found surrounding fulfilling and trustworthy connection during these phases?

Do you ever "isolate" without feeling lonely? Does it eventually become lonely?

What is the utility of isolation for you? Is there a benefit to your system?

How can you fulfill your emotional and social needs, with what you've got?

Can you seek emotional connection fulfillment with a safe, but limited, relationship?

Can you fulfill your social connection needs with "loose" or detachable friends, coworkers, and parasocial relationships?

What, specifically, are your relationship needs? Define what you're seeking.

How can you get started now, opening opportunities for safe connections?